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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/523,511	02/04/2005	Kouichi Sakajiri	101621-11	1306	
27387 759	90 03/22/2006	•	EXAMINER		
NORRIS, MC	LAUGHLIN & MARCU	JS, P.A.	GRAY, JILL M		
875 THIRD AV 18TH FLOOR	E		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
NEW YORK, N	NY 10022		1774		
			DATE MAIL ED: 03/22/200	6	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/523,511	SAKAJIRI ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jill M. Gray	1774	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statution Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro tte, cause the application to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed on the mailing date of this communicati NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u></u> .		
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	ance except for formal matters, p	rosecution as to the merits	is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac		Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ction is required if the drawing(s) is o	bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121	(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attached Offic	e Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority documer	nts have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority documer		ition No	
3.⊠ Copies of the certified copies of the pri	• •		
application from the International Bure	au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	_	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	st of the certified copies not receive	/ed.	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summar	ry (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail I	Date	
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>2/4/05;3/3/06</u>. 	6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The use of the trademarks such as "EPIKOTE 834" and "EPIKOTE 1002" has been noted in this application. It should be capitalized wherever it appears and be accompanied by the generic terminology.

Although the use of trademarks is permissible in patent applications, the proprietary nature of the marks should be respected and every effort made to prevent their use in any manner which might adversely affect their validity as trademarks.

Information Disclosure Statement

The certain references submitted by applicant were not considered due to the absence of an English language translation or abstract.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 4. Claim 1 is rejected as failing to define the invention in the manner required by 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph.

The claim(s) are narrative in form and replete with indefinite and functional or operational language. The structure which goes to make up the device must be clearly and positively specified. The structure must be organized and correlated in such a

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manner as to present a complete operative device. The claim(s) must be in one sentence form only. Note the format of the claims in the patent(s) cited.

Claims 2-6 are indefinite for the reasons stated above due to their reliance upon claim 1.

Remarks

Claim 1 is a product-by-process claim. Even though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process. Accordingly, the examiner has interpreted claim 1 to embrace a carbon fiber strand impregnated with a sizing agent, said sizing agent comprising at least two epoxy resins.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 6. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ogawa et al, 4,420,512 (Ogawa).

Ogawa teaches carbon fibers coated with a sizing agent that can comprise a mixture of two or more epoxy resins and has a viscosity within the instant claimed

range, per claims 1 and 2. See column 7, lines 1-10. In addition, Ogawa teaches that the composition can contain a block copolymer of the type contemplated by applicants in claim 3; further teaching a sizing agent content and that the carbon fibers have a filament count within the instant claimed ranges of claims 4 and 5. See column 2, lines 62-68 and column 8, lines 50-66.

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Therefore, the teachings of Ogawa anticipate the invention as claimed in present claims 1-5.

7. Claims 1-2 and 4-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ogawa et al, 5,167,945 (Ogawa).

Ogawa teaches carbon fibers coated with a sizing agent that can comprise a mixture of two or more epoxy resins and has a viscosity within the instant claimed range, per claims 1 and 2. See column 9, lines 59-62. In addition, Ogawa teaches that the composition has a sizing agent content and that the carbon fibers have a filament count within the instant claimed ranges per claims 4 and 5. See column 5, lines 45-46 and column 3, lines 1-2.

Therefore, the teachings of Ogawa anticipate the invention as claimed in present claims 1-2 and 4-5.

8. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Japanese Patent abstract JP409250087A (the abstract).

The abstract teaches carbon fiber strands sized with a sizing composition having two kinds of epoxy resins. Accordingly, the teachings in the abstract anticipate the invention as claimed in present claim 1.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 11. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ogawa et al, 4,420,512 and 5,167,945, each as applied above to claims 1-5, and each in view of Kobayashi et al, 6,368,712 B1 (Kobayashi). Ogawa '512 and '945 are herein referred to collectively as Ogawa.

Ogawa is as set forth previously but does not teach the surface oxygen concentration. Kobayashi teaches carbon fibers sized with a sizing agent. In addition, Kobayashi teaches that high adhesion properties can be obtained in composite materials when the carbon fibers have a surface oxygen concentration O/C ratio of 0.02 to 0.3. It would have been obvious to modify the surfaces of the carbon fibers of Ogawa

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to an O/C ratio within the present claimed range and as taught by Kobayashi in order to obtain high adhesion properties in the composite material.

Therefore, the combined teachings of Ogawa ('512 and '945) and Kobayashi would have rendered obvious the invention as claimed in present claim 6.

No claims are allowed.

Conclusion

12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jill M. Gray whose telephone number is 571-272-1524. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th and alternate Fridays 10:30-7:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rena Dye can be reached on 571-272-3186. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).